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# Selling REST to your Boss

## Tuesday, 6 October 2009





# Introduction

Anne Thomas Manes

VP & Research Director, Burton Group

Provide research and advice on:

- Software development lifecycle
- Application architecture
- Application platforms

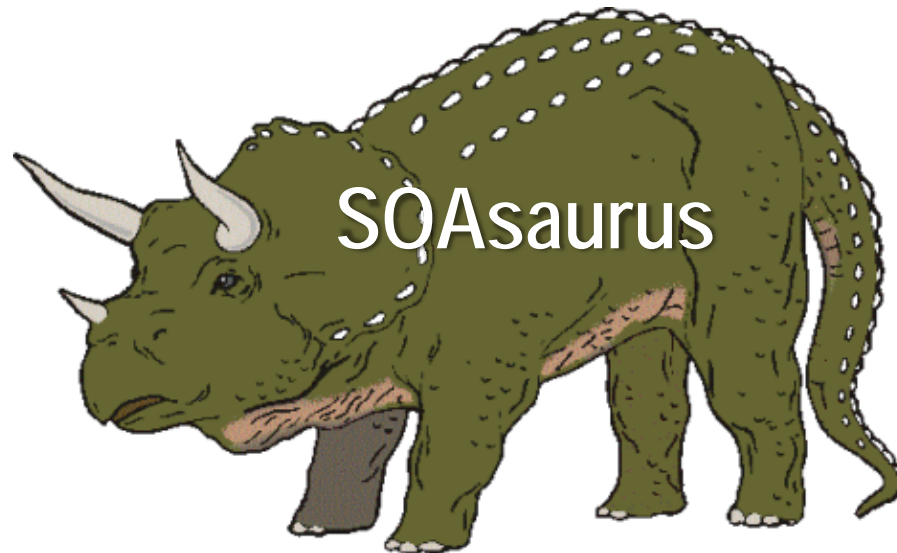
Prior work experience:

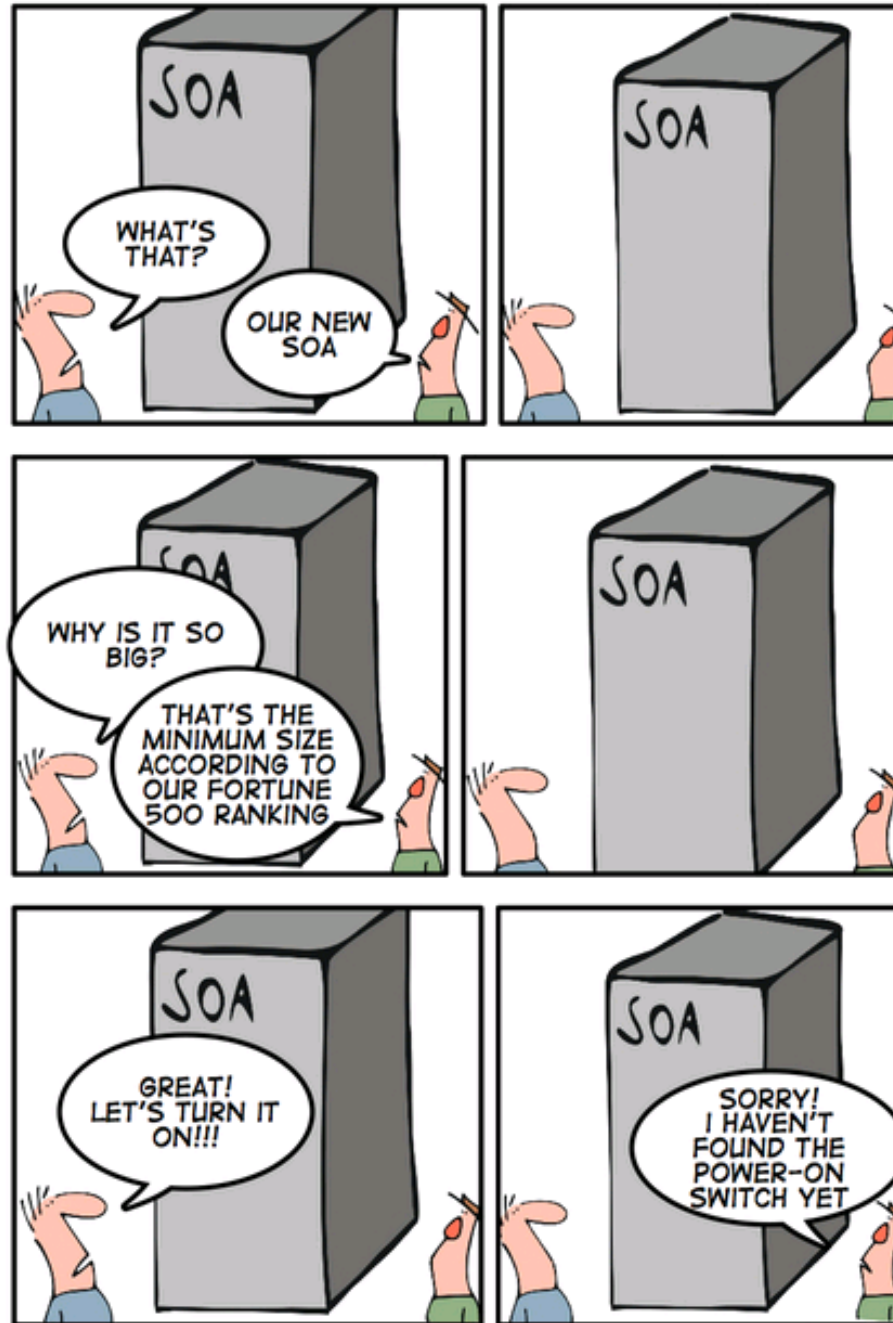
- CTO at Systinet [now HP]
- Director of Market Innovation at Sun [soon to be Oracle]
- Before that: OEC [Embarcadero], DEC [HP], Cullinet [CA], IBM
- Standards development at W3C, OASIS, JCP

# SOA Obituary

[SOA](#) met its demise on January 1, 2009, when it was wiped out by the catastrophic impact of the economic recession.

SOA is survived by its offspring: mashups, SaaS, Cloud Computing, BPM, and all other architectural approaches that depend on "services".





# Reasons why you want to do REST

It's cool



It's elegant

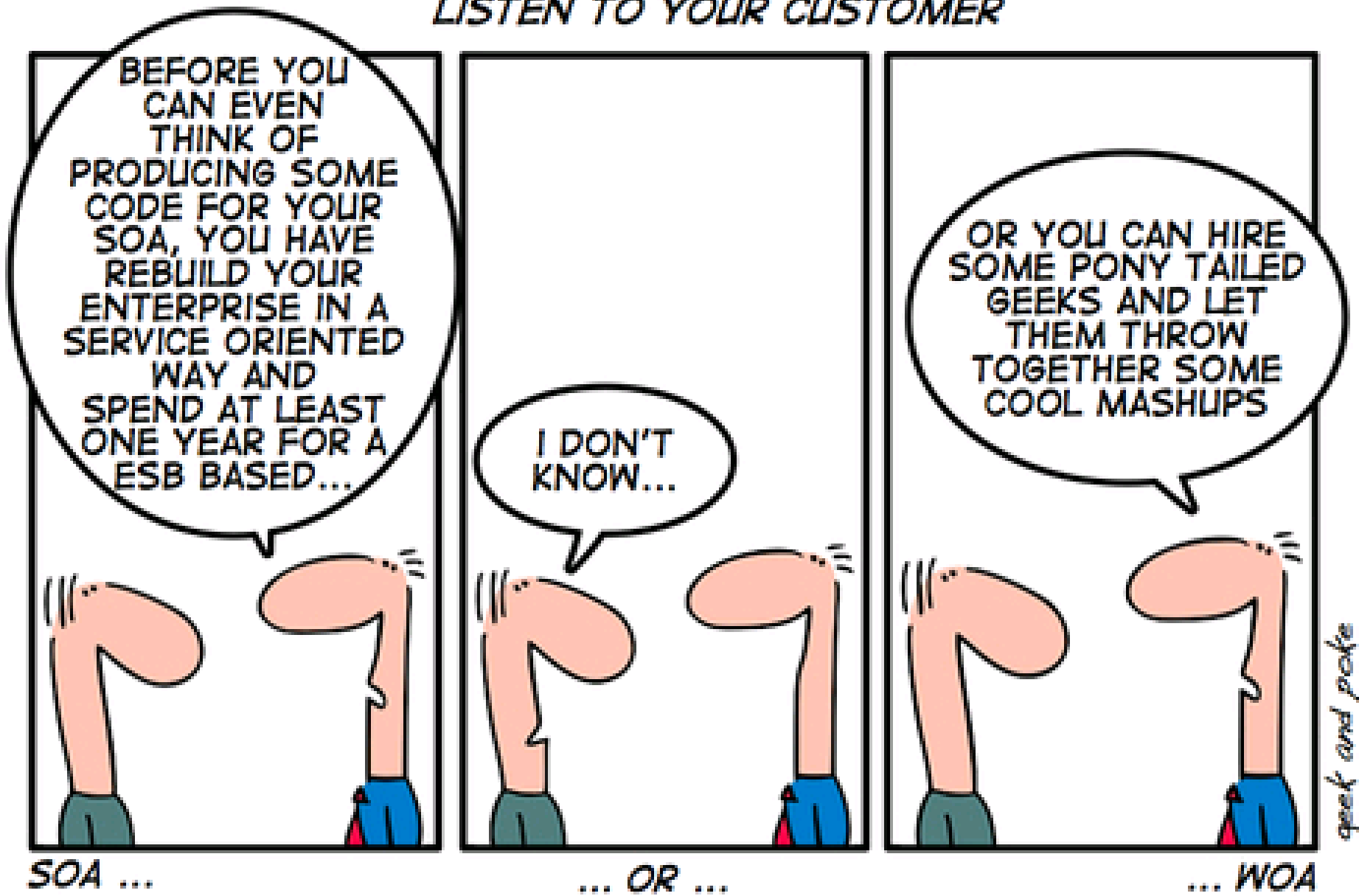
*The*  
ELEGANT?  
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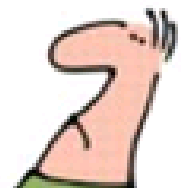
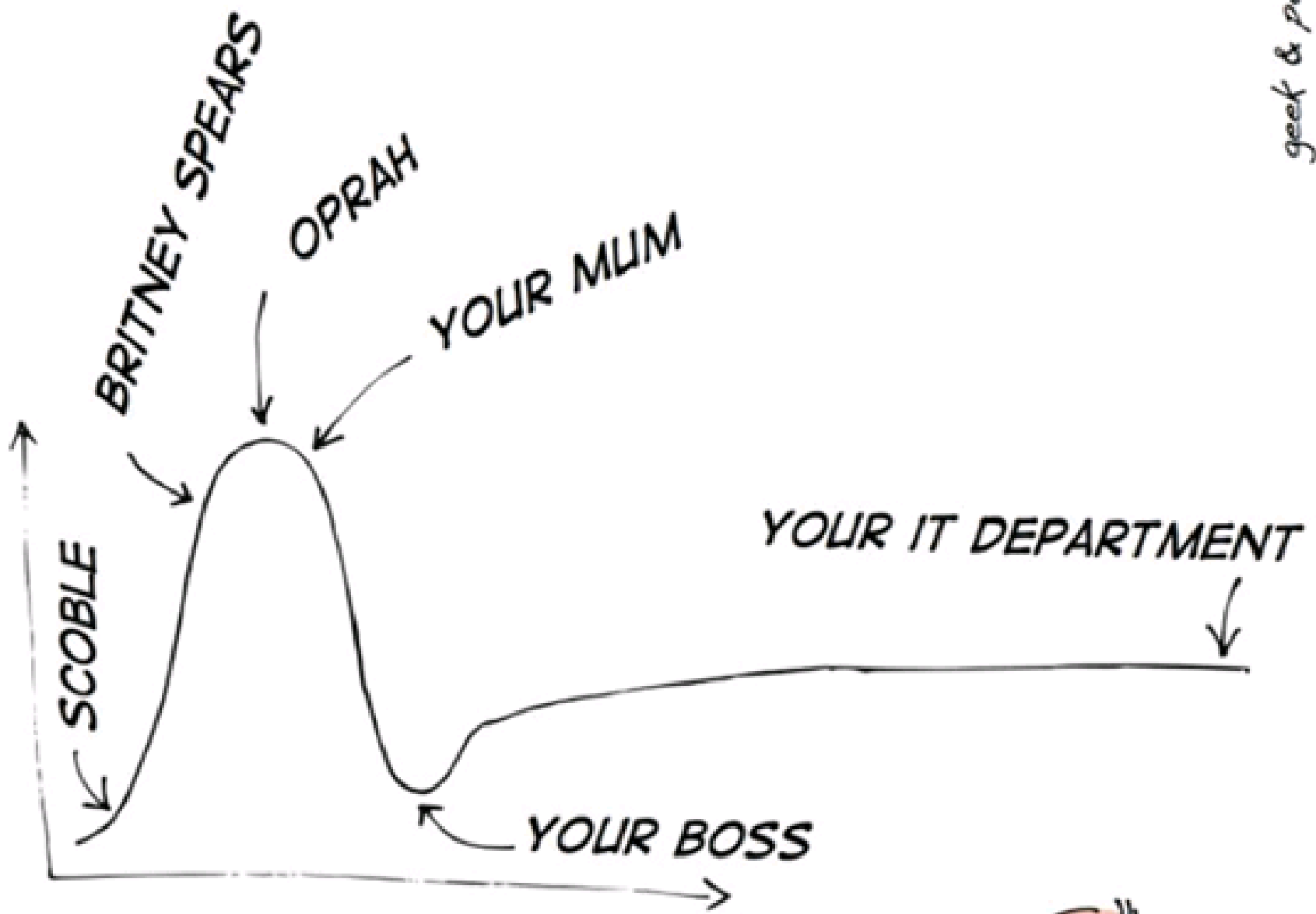
It would look  
great on  
your CV





*CONSULTANTS HANDBOOK - CHAPTER 10:  
LISTEN TO YOUR CUSTOMER*





## Thesis

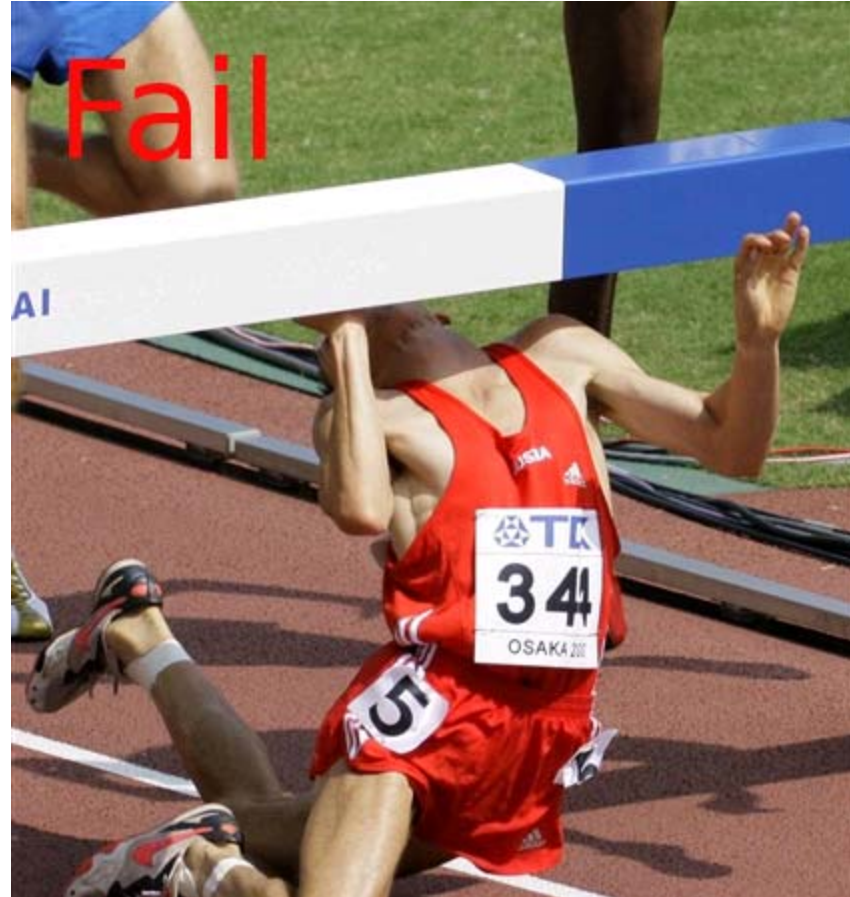
- REST is the best architectural style to use for applications that run on the Web
  - Web-native
  - Simpler, more elegant applications
  - REST traits: scalability, evolvability, serendipity, ...
- So what?
  - Elegance doesn't sell
- You need to provide compelling business arguments
  - Tie your proposal to business goals



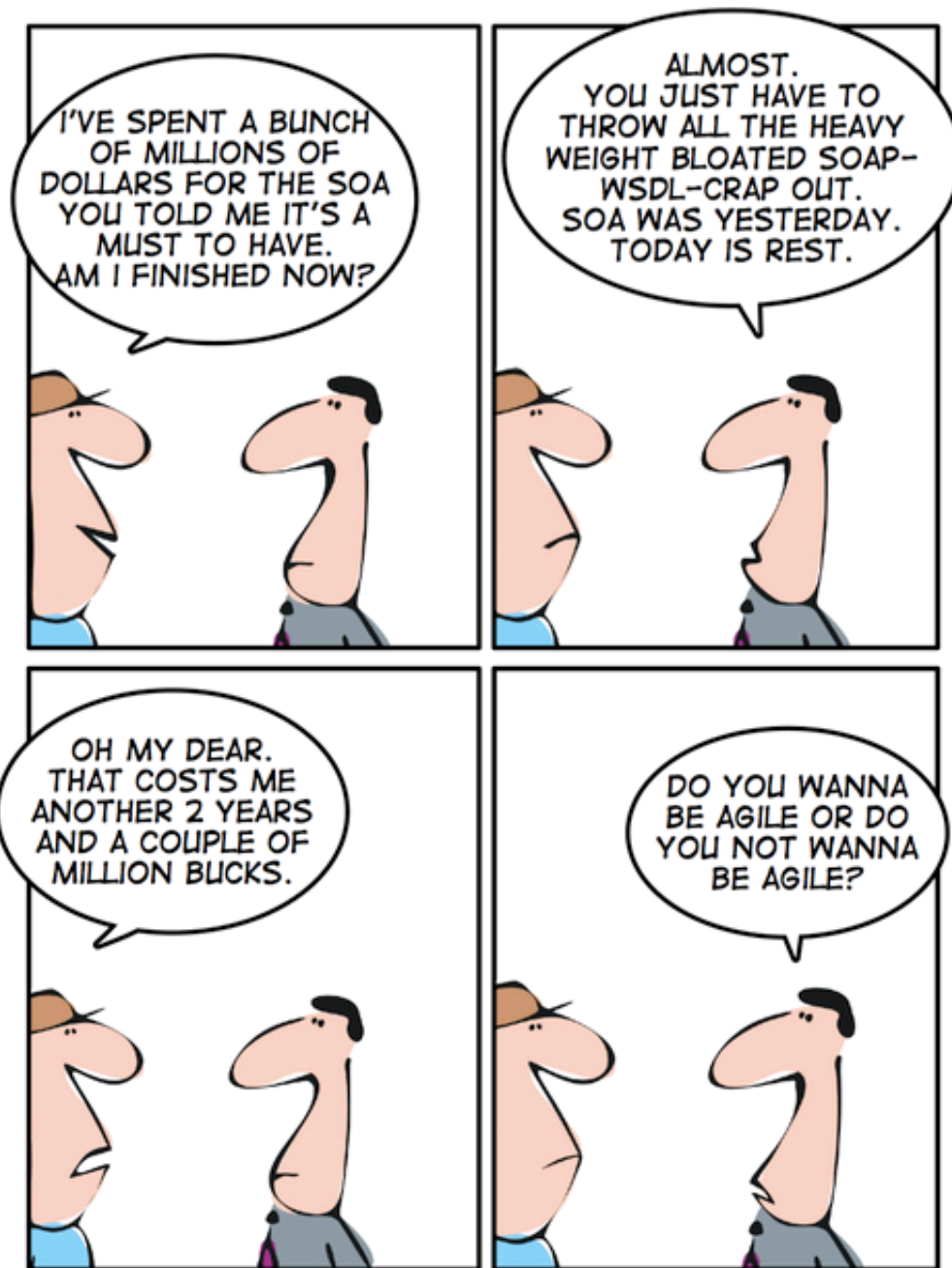
## Agenda

- Hurdles that you must overcome
- Establishing vocabulary
- Developing a compelling business case

# Hurdles



# SOA Backlash

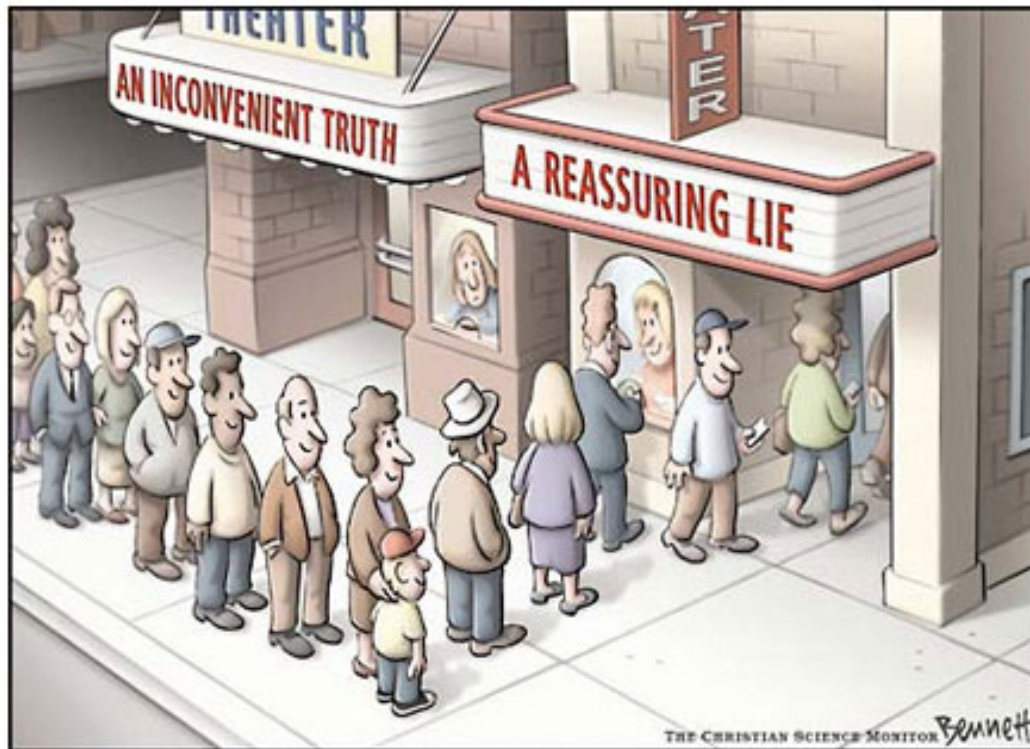


THE CONSULTANTS HANDBOOK PART 2:  
MAKE SURE YOUR COSTUMER IS ALWAYS AGILE

*geek and poke*

"Technology alone is rarely the key to unlocking economic value: companies create real wealth when they combine technology with new ways of doing business."

*Source: "Eight Business Technology Trends to Watch, McKinsey Quarterly December 2007"*



Impressions that  
REST isn't  
robust enough  
for enterprise  
applications







## The Web is a RESTful application

- Largest, most scalable, most resilient application ever
- Many existing technologies and patterns for delivering robust features:
  - Security
  - Reliability
  - Transactionality
  - Fault tolerance
- Requires a different design approach from traditional middleware frameworks
- Nonetheless: REST is not appropriate for every application

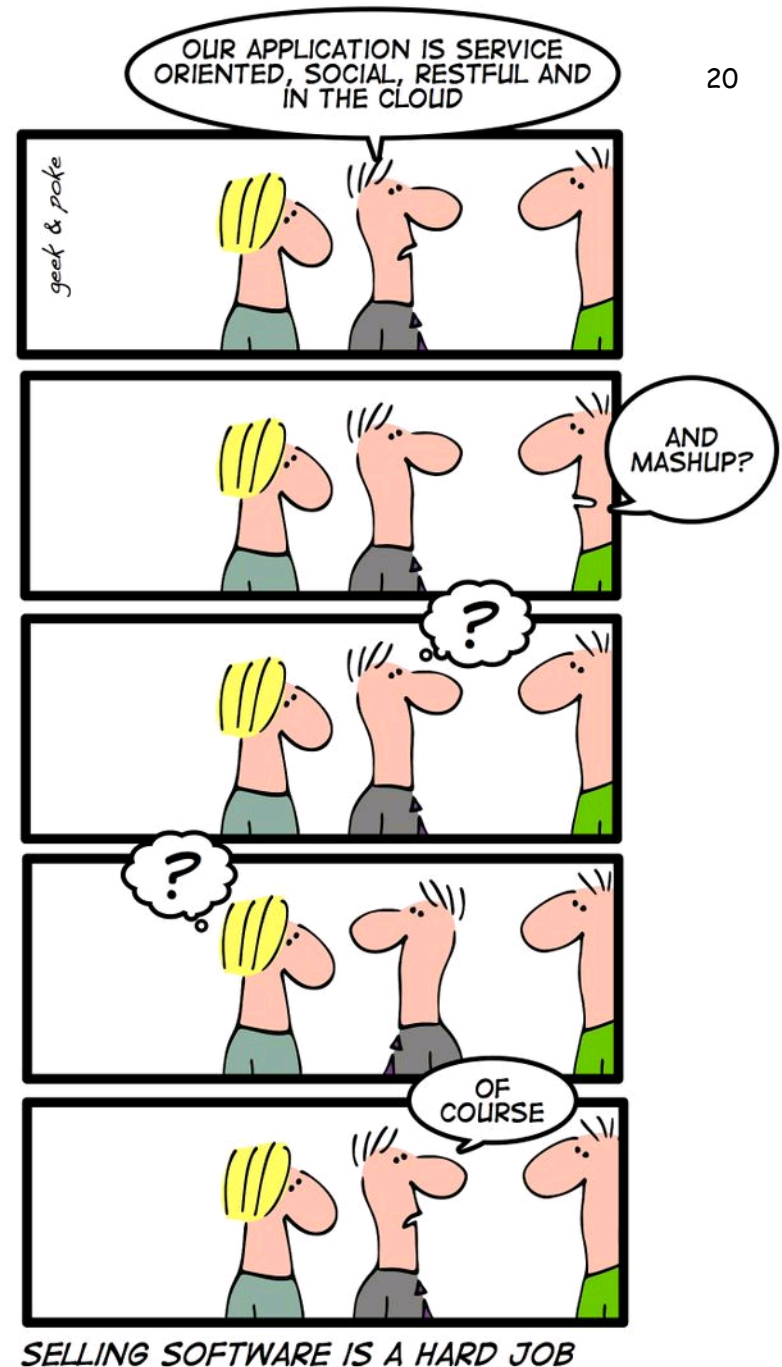


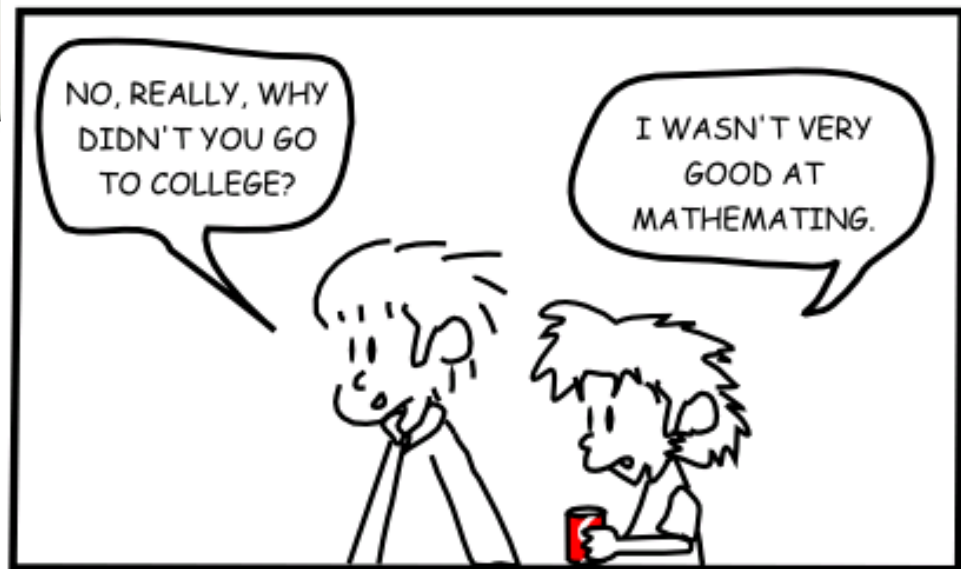
## REST frameworks

- It is possible and legitimate to build REST systems with any HTTP-enabled application environment
  - It's just not fun
- Some emerging REST frameworks:
  - JSR 311/JAX-RS                      Java API for RESTful Web Services
  - RESTlet                                Java, open source
  - NetKernel                              Java, open source
  - Struts2 (w/ REST plug-in)        Java, open source
  - Ruby on Rails                         Ruby, open source
  - Django                                 Python, open source
  - CherryPy                               Python, open source
  - ADO.NET Data Services            .NET, beta, commercial
  - .NET 4.0 WCF                         .NET, beta, commercial
  - IBM sMash                             Groovy/PHP, commercial product

Only geeks think  
REST is cool

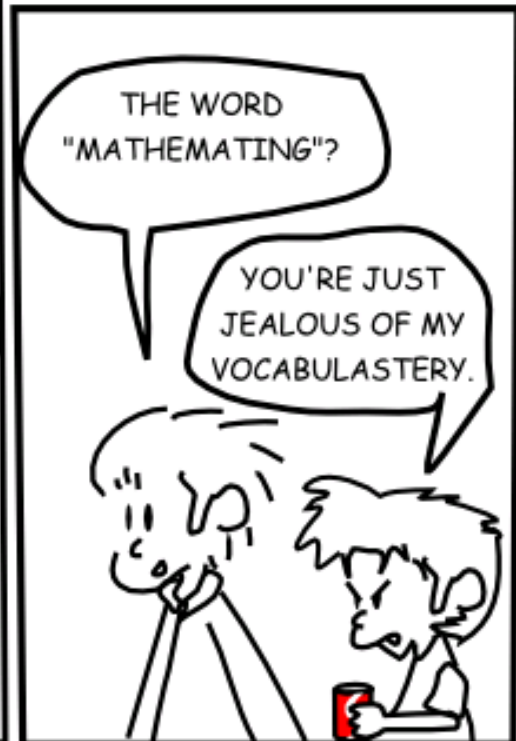
Others have no clue  
what it means





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[www.alpha-release.com](http://www.alpha-release.com)

# Vocabulary





# What is "REST"?

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## REST: The formal definition

- REST = Representational State Transfer
- REST is an architectural style
  - Defines the architecture of the World Wide Web
- Dissertation by Roy Fielding: "[Architectural Styles and the Design of Network-based Software Architectures](#)"
  - Defines a set of architectural principles and constraints
  - Describes how HTTP and the Web work
- Applications that adhere to the constraints are RESTful
  - Exhibit many desirable benefits: simplicity, scalability, performance, reliability, visibility, evolvability, serendipity, and more



# What is "REST"?

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## REST: A more pragmatic definition

- REST = Using the Web correctly
  - is "on" the Web, not tunneled through it
  - exploits and augments network effects
  - also called "WOA", "ROA", "RESTful HTTP"
  - I like "Thing Oriented Design" (TOD)



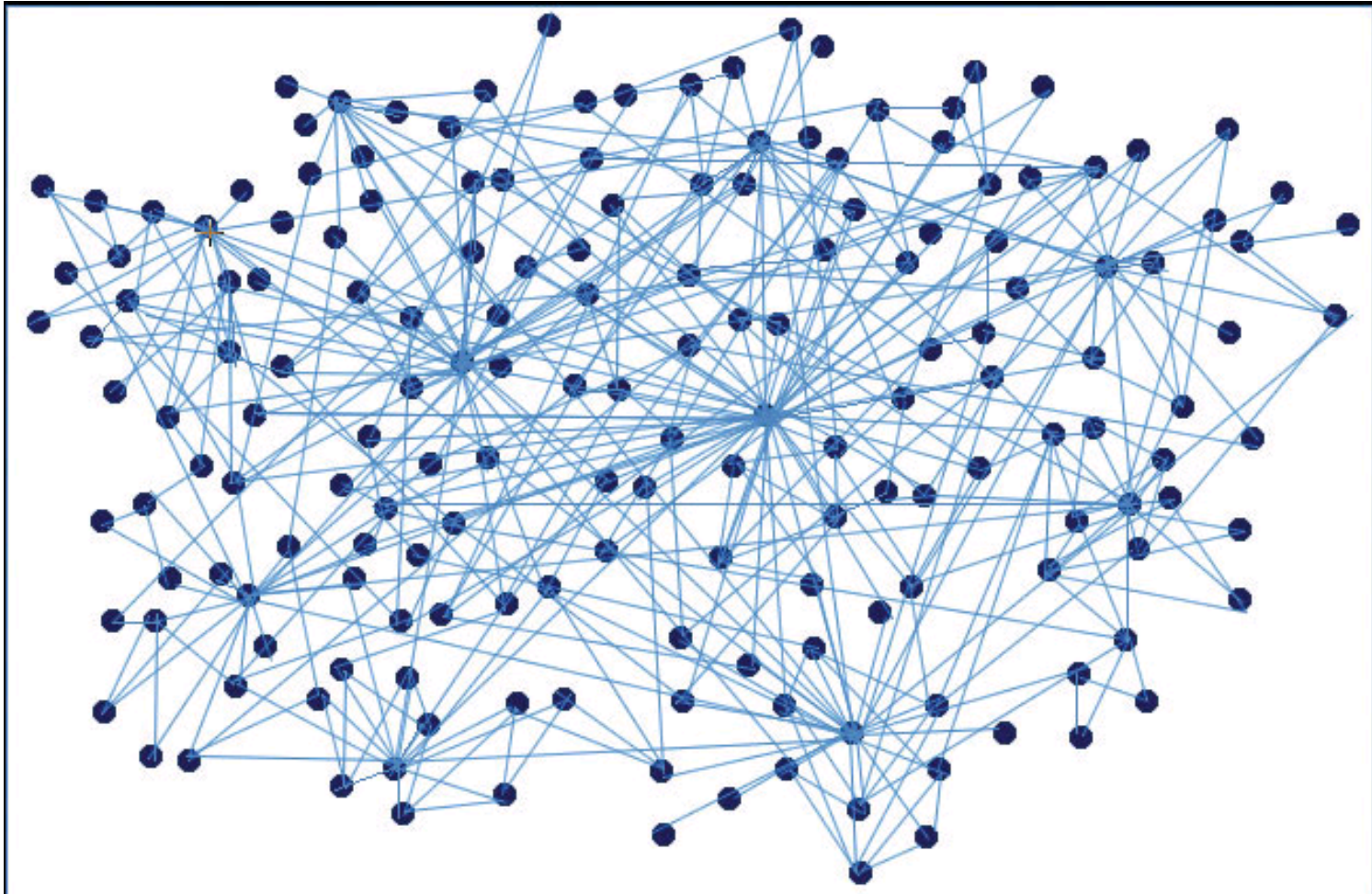
# What is "REST"?

## Five basic rules

1. Every *thing* has an ID  
→ URL
2. Every *thing* links to other *things*  
→ Hyperlinks
3. Every *thing* exposes standard methods  
→ GET, PUT, POST, DELETE
4. A *thing* may have multiple representations  
→ e.g., XML, JSON, Atom, microformats, images, etc.
5. You interact with *things* statelessly;  
→ use hyperlinks for state



The World Wide Web is a massive hypermedia application



**Figure 1:** A figurative view of the World Wide Web. Users are allowed to link to any page they want but will naturally build communities of information with similar pages. The better sites receive votes of approval (in the form of links) from many pages.

## Myth: REST = POX over HTTP

- REST applications don't have to use XML
  - REST supports any media type (i.e., multiple representations)
- Many POX applications are not RESTful
  - Tunneling RPCs, inadequate use of URIs and hypermedia, stateful
- There's nothing unRESTful about an envelope:
  - Atom, SOAP, etc.

## Mythguided efforts

- JBoss's REST-\* initiative
  - Defining RESTful interfaces to traditional middleware
  - (But you shouldn't use traditional middleware with REST)

## Tunneling RPCs through URLs:

- <http://my.com/customers?method=insert&name=Smith>
- <http://my.com/orders?method=deleteOrder&id=12345>



## Tunneling RPCs through HTTP POST:

```
POST http://my.com/Customermgmt
<soap:Envelope
  xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <soap:Body>
    <deleteCustomer xmlns="http://example.com/ns1">
      <customerId>13</customerId>
    </deleteCustomer>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

Method

ID

Endpoint



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Welcome, Anne Sign out

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San Diego (SAN) to Providence (PVD) Sat Jun 28  
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At a glance

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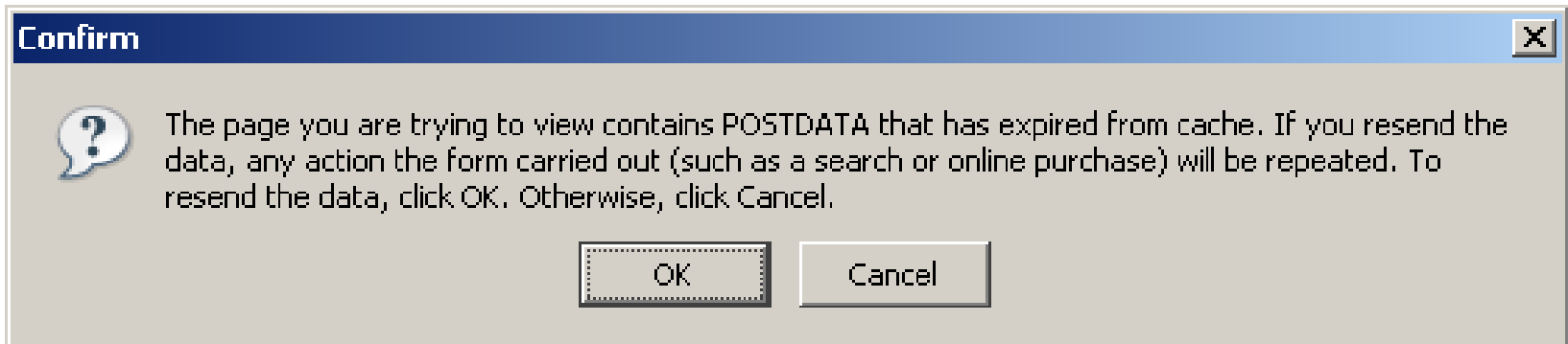
<b>Stops</b>							
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1 or nonstop	\$595	<b>\$595</b>	\$643	\$751	\$999	\$826	\$1085
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Best value flight [more details](#)

<b>US Airways</b> ↔3159	Depart <b>11:40 AM (PVD)</b>	Arrive <b>6:48 PM (SAN)</b>	1 stop	<b>\$701</b>	<b>SELECT</b>
<b>Continental</b> ↔6462	Depart <b>12:38 PM (SAN)</b>	Arrive <b>10:58 PM (PVD)</b>	1 stop		

## Not using hypermedia as the engine of state (HATEOS)

- Use hyperlinks to reference state and related resources
- Don't rely on session state across interactions:



## REST is about *design*, not technology

- REST = Using the Web correctly
- Resource-oriented model
  - A RESTful service's interface is the set of resources (URIs) it exposes
  - The more resources exposed, the more value the system contributes to the Web
- Specific technology is not important
  - Just because you're using a REST framework, that doesn't guarantee that you will produce RESTful applications



## OrderManagementService

```
+ getOrders()  
+ submitOrder()  
+ getOrderDetails()  
+ updateOrder()  
+ addOrderItem()  
+ cancelOrder()  
+ cancelAllOrders()
```

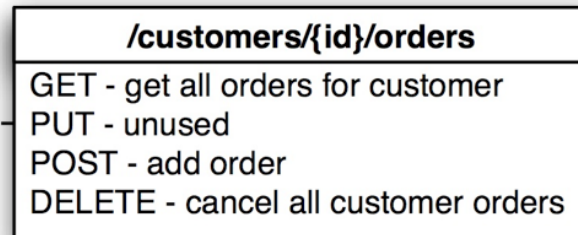
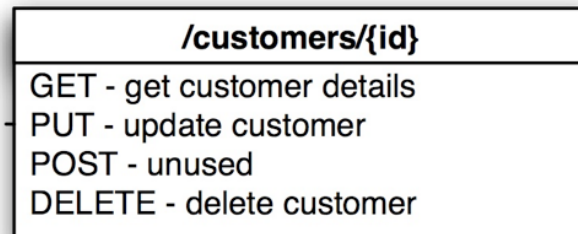
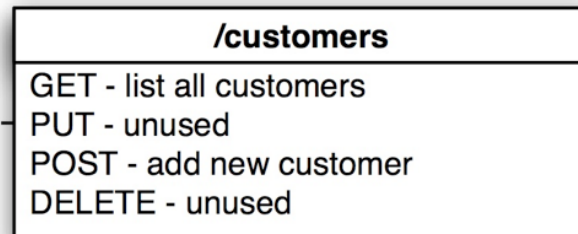
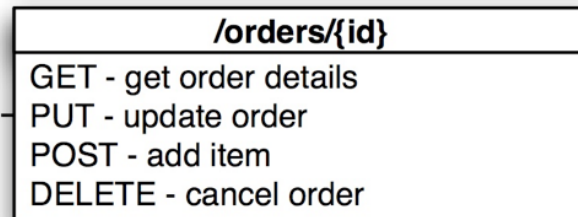
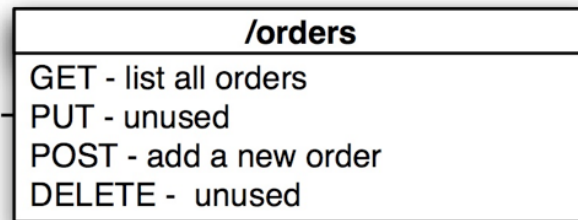
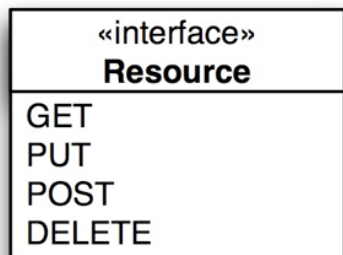
## CustomerManagementService

```
+ getCustomers()  
+ addCustomer()  
+ getCustomerDetails()  
+ updateCustomer()  
+ deleteCustomer()  
+ deleteAllCustomers()
```

- Many data types
- Many operations
- Few instances



# Resource Oriented Interfaces



- Many data types
- Few (fixed) operations
- Many instances



## RESTful service's contribution to the Web's value

- Millions of URLs
  - Every customer
  - Every order
- Addressable, linkable, cacheable
- Easily consumable, mashable
  - Supports multi-modal clients



# What is "REST"?

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## REST: A business definition

- REST = Using the Web to your best advantage
  - Delivering higher-quality applications
  - that reach the widest possible audience
  - that deliver a better user experience and
  - enable users to use the information more effectively

# Developing a compelling business case





# Developing a Business Case

Describe the pros and cons of a potential investment

Building block	Description
Deliverables and benefits	What will we get out of this investment?
Costs	What do we need to invest?
Risks	What can go wrong?
Roadmap and timeframe	What do we have to do and how long will it take?
Assumptions	What's the starting point?
Alternatives	What other options do we have?
Metrics	How do we measure success?



# Developing a Business Case

## REST deliverables

- Web applications
  - It might be easier to start here
- Web services
  - Move here later
    - Services should have a RESTful design but support multiple interactions patterns (e.g., resource, method, and message oriented)
- Architectural patterns and infrastructure that supports robust capabilities for RESTful applications
- Governance program to foster good practices

## Business benefits of REST

- Improves usability and user experience
  - The application behaves the way you expect it to
  - You can share things with your friends just by sending them a URL
- Enables easier access to information and services
  - Low barrier to entry
  - Reachable by the largest possible audience
  - Consumable by the largest number of user agents
    - Desktop, web, mobile, mashup, programmatic clients
  - No special software required
  - Searchable via Google, Bing, etc,

## Business benefits of REST

- Increases agility
  - Extend the system at runtime
  - Alter resources without impacting clients
  - Direct client behavior dynamically
- Makes systems scalable, reliable, and high performing
  - Simple
  - Cacheable
  - Atomic





## Business benefits of REST

- Minimal investment required
  - REST \*is\* the Web – the infrastructure is in place
  - Very little additional middleware or technology required
- Simple programming model
  - Rapid development and delivery of applications

## Understand your audience

- Tailor the business case to address their pain points
- What keeps them up at night?
  - Cost containment
  - Time to market
  - Customer retention
  - Supporting mobile users
  - Enabling easier B2B integration
  - Easier access to information
  - Heterogeneous interoperability
  - Scalability concerns
- Position REST in these terms





# Developing a Business Case

## REST Costs

- Training and mentoring
  - A lot more than just learning a new framework
  - New development models and patterns
- Very little additional frameworks or middleware
  - Most frameworks are open source
  - Typically builds on existing Web infrastructure
- New and expanded use of Web infrastructure
  - May require additional/expanded licensing of Web infrastructure
    - Web access management, proxies, load balancers, gateways, etc
  - May require additional training
- Governance program



# Developing a Business Case

## REST Risks

- New and very different programming models
  - Tooling doesn't provide guard rails
- Misapplication of REST principles and constraints will not produce desired benefits
  - Simplicity, visibility, ease-of-use, serendipity, etc.
- Unfamiliarity with new QoS patterns causes security, reliability, integrity, performance, and usability risks
  - (This is why REST has a reputation as not robust)



# Developing a Business Case

## Roadmap and timeframe

- Basic training in REST principles and constraints
  - Don't underestimate training time
- Pilot project: web application
  - Learn how to use the Web the way it is intended
- Pilot project: web service
  - Pick a low-risk, reasonably visibly project
  - Start with a read-only service
  - Learn about resource models and the power of GET
- Follow-on projects: web services
  - Develop patterns to support QoS requirements
  - Develop infrastructure models to support these patterns



# Developing a Business Case

## Assumptions

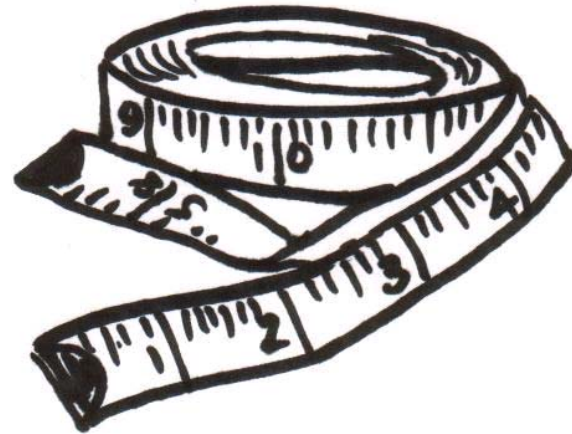
- Web infrastructure is already in place
  - although it may not be used to its full potential

## Alternatives

- For web applications:
  - what you use today w/ less than optimal design
- For web services:
  - WS-\* and method-oriented model

## Metrics

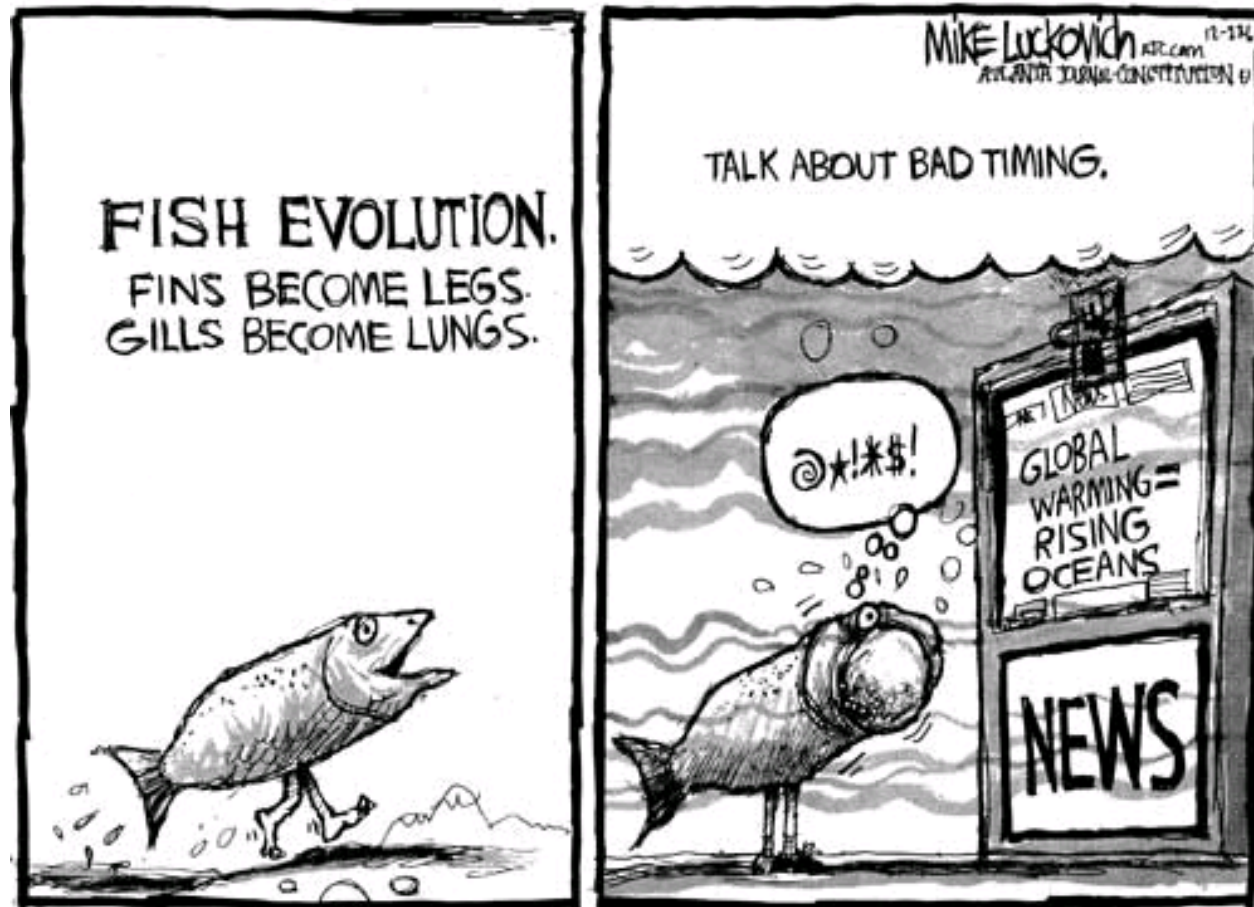
- How do you measure success?
- Metrics should correspond to the desired benefits defined in the business case
- The best metrics measure realized business value
  - Reduced costs
  - Increased revenues



# Business Case Secrets

Timing may be crucial

- Avoid inopportunities and distracting initiatives





## Watch where you step



- Work within cultural constraints
- Determine how best to introduce a new approach
  - Recruit sponsors and supporters
  - Find external references and proof points

Deliver  
proof  
points





## Recap

- REST is the best architectural style to use for applications that run on the Web
  - Simpler, more elegant, Web-native applications
- REST is about design, not technology
  - Simple, but not necessarily easy
  - The risks are real
- You need to provide compelling business arguments
  - Tie your proposal to business goals
  - Then deliver demonstrable value



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